The class of trees with nonsingular acyclic matrix with most n-2 P-vertices

Aleksandra Lj. Erić¹

This paper concerns P-vertices and P-set of nonsingular acyclic matrices. A vertex is P-vertex iff $m_{A(i)} = m_A + 1$ where m_A is multiplicity of eigenvalue 0 in matrix A. It is shown that double star DS_n with n vertices is an example of tree such that for each nonsingular matrix A whose graph is DS_n the number of P-vertices of A is most n-2. Also, here is constructed a nonsingular matrix whose graph is double star with exactly n-2 P-vertices.

References

[1] A. Lj. Erić and C. M. da Fonseca, The maximum number of *P*-vertices of some nonsingular double star matrices, Discrete Math. **313** (2013), 2192–2194.

 $^{^1{\}rm Faculty}$ of Civil Engineering, University of Belgrade, eric@grf.rs