

# Parallel programming

MPI Interface

# 07 - Gap between consecutive prime numbers

The gap between consecutive prime numbers 2 and 3 is only 1, while the gap between consecutive primes 7 and 11 is 4. Write a parallel program to determine, for all integers less than 1,000,000, the largest gap between a pair of consecutive prime numbers.

# MPI\_Probe

- Blocking test for a message
- int MPI\_Probe(int source, int tag, MPI\_Comm comm, MPI\_Status \*status)
  - source – source value or MPI\_ANY\_SOURCE
  - tag – tag value or MPI\_ANY\_TAG
  - comm – communicator
  - status – Status object
- MPI\_Status structure:
  - MPI\_Source – id of processor sending message
  - MPI\_Tag – message tag
  - MPI\_Error – error status
- int MPI\_Get\_count(MPI\_Status \*status, MPI\_Datatype datatype, int \*count)
- Example:
  - MPI\_Get\_count(&status, MPI\_INT, &size);
  - size = status.size;

# 08 - Zeleni brojevi

Broj je **zelen** ako je prost i ako mu je zbir cifara prost broj. Napisati paralelani program koji nalazi sve zelene brojeve od 1 do A (učitava root proces). Sve pronađene zelene brojeve upisati u fajl greensOut.dat sortirane od najmanjeg ka najvećem (o upisivanju u fajl takođe brine root proces). Optimizovati program da se u što kraćem roku izvrši.

- primeri zelenih brojeva: 2, 3, 5, 7, 11( $1+1=2$  - prost), 41( $1+4=5$  - prost)...